### CLOSED-END INVESTMENT UNDERTAKING FOR INFORMED INVESTORS CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022, PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH LITHUANIAN FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS AND PRESENTED TOGETHER WITH THE ANNUAL REPORT AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

This version of financial statements is a translation from the original, which was prepared in the Lithuanian language. All possible care has been taken to ensure that the translation is an accurate representation of the original. However, in all matters interpretation of information, views or opinions, the original language version of financial statements takes precedence over this translation.

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Juridinio asmens kodas 110878442 PVM mokėtojo kodas LT108784411 Juridinių asmenų registras Ernst & Young Baltic UAB Aukštaičių St. 7 LT-11341 Vilnius Lithuania Tel.: +370 5 274 2200 Fax: +370 5 274 2333 Vilnius@lt.ey.com www.ey.com

Code of legal entity 110878442 VAT payer code LT108784411 Register of Legal Entities

#### To the Management of Capitalica Z114 Real Estate Fund UAB

#### 27 February 2024

Ernst & Young Baltic UAB has performed the audit of the financial statements of Capitalica Z114 Real Estate Fund UAB (the "Company") for the year ended 31 December 2022 prepared by the management in the Lithuanian language. In this Letter we have included a translation of our opinion from the original, which was prepared in the Lithuanian language.

All possible care has been taken to ensure that the translation is an accurate representation of the original. However, in all matters of interpretation of information, views or opinions, the original language version of our report takes precedence over this translation.

#### "INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To the shareholder of Capitalica Z114 Real Estate Fund UAB

#### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Capitalica Z114 Real Estate Fund UAB (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2022, the statement of income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2022 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Lithuanian Financial Reporting Standards.

#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) (IESBA Code) together with the requirements of the Law on Audit of the Republic of Lithuania that are relevant to the audit in the Republic of Lithuania, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Law on Audit of the Republic of Lithuania and the IESBA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other matters

The Company's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2021 were not audited.

#### Other Information Included in the Company's Annual Report

Other information consists of the information included in the Company's Annual Report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Management is responsible for the presentation of the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



We also have to evaluate, if the financial information included in the Company's 2022 Annual Report corresponds to the financial statements for the same financial year and if the Company's Annual Report was prepared in accordance with the relevant legal requirements. In our opinion, based on the work performed in the course of the audit of financial statements, in all material respects:

- The financial information included in the Company's Annual Report corresponds to the financial information included in the financial statements for the same year; and
- The Company's Annual Report was prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Law on Reporting by Undertakings of the Republic of Lithuania.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Lithuanian Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

UAB ERNST & YOUNG BALTIC Audit company's licence No. 001335

Jonas Akelis Auditor's licence No. 000003

26 June 2023".

Jonas Akelis Partner

#### Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

### **INCOME STATEMENT**

for the year ended 31 December 2022

#### <u>26 June 2023</u> (financial statements preparation date)

No	ITEMS	Notes	Financial year	Previous financial year (restated, Note 17)
1.	OPERATING INCOME		489,960	405,107
1.1.	Interest income		-	-
1.2.	Dividends		-	-
1.3	Lease income	12	287,744	160,112
1.4.	Gain from changes in value and sale of investments	3	200,000	244,995
1.5.	Gain from changes in foreign currency exchange rates		-	-
1.6.	Gain on derivatives		-	-
1.7.	Guarantee contributions		-	-
1.8.	Income related to sale/redemption of the Company's shares		_	-
1.9.	Other operating income		2,216	-
2.	OPERATING EXPENSES		150,249	27,803
2.1.	Loss from changes in value and sales of investments		-	-
2.2.	Loss from changes in foreign currency exchange rates		-	-
2.3.	Loss from derivatives		-	-
2.4.	Costs of selling the Company's shares		-	-
2.5.	Other operating expenses	13	150,249	27,803
3.	GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)		339,711	377,304
4.	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		139,926	61,735
4.1.	Remuneration to management company		35,308	-
4.2.	Remuneration to depositary		8,904	-
4.3.	Remuneration to intermediaries		-	-
4.4.	Audit expenses		14,500	-
4.5.	Other general and administrative expenses	14	81,214	61,735
4.6.	Reimbursement of expenses(-)		-	-
5.	RESULTS OF OTHER ACTIVITIES		-	-
6.	INTEREST AND OTHER SIMILAR EXPENSES		-	-
7.	PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX		199,785	315,569
8.	INCOME TAX	2.12	-	(9,539)
9.	NET PROFIT (LOSS)		199,785	306,030

Director of management company UAB CAPITALICA ASSET MANAGEMENT (title of the head of the management company)

(signature)

Andrius Barštys (full name)

Head of Accounting of UAB SBA Competence and Service Center

(title of a person able to handle accounting)

(signature)

Milda Kiaušinytė (full name)

### Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 December 2022

(financial statements preparation date)

No	ITEMS	Notes	Financial year	Previous financial year (restated, Note 17)
	ASSETS			
Α.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS		3,456,246	3,200,000
1.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS		-	-
2.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		3,456,246	3,200,000
2.1.	Investment property	3	3,456,246	3,200,000
2.1.1	Land			-
2.1.2	Buildings		_	_
2.2.	Other property, plant and equipment		_	_
3.	FINANCIAL ASSETS		_	
3.1.	Investments in group companies			
3.2.	Investments in associates			
3.3.	Other equity securities		-	-
			-	-
3.4.	Non-equity securities		-	-
3.5.	Other investment units, shares, contributions of other collective investment undertakings		-	-
3.6.	Derivatives		-	-
3.7.	Term deposits		-	-
3.8.	Loans and receivables		-	
3.8.1.	Loans to group companies		-	
3.8.2.	Receivables from group companies		-	
3.8.3.	Loans to associates		-	-
3.8.4.	Receivable from associates		_	-
3.8.5.	Other receivables after one year		_	_
3.9.	Other non-current financial assets		_	_
4.	OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS		-	
4.1.	Deferred tax assets		_	
4.2.	Other assets		-	
B.	CURRENT ASSETS		938,694	181,186
1.	INVENTORIES		11,502	14,758
1.1.	Prepayments	4	11,502	14,758
1.2.	Inventory for internal use		-	-
2.	RECEIVABLES WITHIN ONE YEAR		35,020	30,585
2.1.	Receivables from sale of investments		-	-
2.2.	Debts owed by group companies		-	-
2.3.	Debts owed by associates		-	-
2.4.	Other receivables within a year	5	35,020	30,585
3.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS		-	-
3.1.	Term deposits		-	-
3.2.	Money-market instruments		-	-
3.3. 3.3.1.	Transferable securities Non-equity securities		-	-
3.3.1.	Equity securities Equity securities of group companies		-	-
3.3.3.	Other equity securities		-	
3.3.4.	Other investment units, shares, contributions of other collective investment undertakings			
3.4	Derivatives			-
3.4 4.	CASH	6	892,172	135,843
C.	DEFERRED EXPENSES AND ACCRUED INCOME		-	-
	TOTAL ASSETS		4,394,940	3,381,186

#### Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

No	ITEMS	Notes	Financial year	Previous financial year (restated, Note 17)
D.	EQUITY	7	4,299,323	3,299,536
1.	CAPITAL	8	3,325,652	2,702,500
1.1.	Subscribed capital		3,325,652	2,702,500
1.2.	Subscribed unpaid capital (-)		-	-
2.	SHARE PREMIUM		176,850	-
3.	REVALUATION RESERVE (RESULTS)		-	-
4.	RESERVES		-	-
4.1.	Legal reserve		-	-
4.2.	Other reserves		-	-
5.	RETAINED EARNINGS (LOSS)		796,821	597,036
5.1.	Profit (loss) of the reporting year		199,785	306,030
5.2.	Profit (loss) of the previous year		597,036	291,006
E.	PROVISIONS		-	-
1.	Provision for pensions and similar liabilities		-	-
2.	Provisions for taxation		-	-
3.	Other provisions		-	-
F.	PAYABLES AND OTHER LIABILITIES		73,844	81,650
1.	PAYABLES AFTER ONE YEAR AND OTHER LIABILITIES		-	-
1.1.	Debt liabilities		-	-
1.2.	Financial amounts owed to credit institutions		-	-
1.3.	Prepayments received		-	-
1.4.	Payables for financial and investment assets		-	-
1.5.	Payables under the bills of exchange and checks		-	-
1.6.	Payable to group companies		-	-
1.7.	Payables to associates		-	-
1.8.	Liabilities under derivative contracts		-	-
2.	PAYABLES WITHIN ONE YEAR AND OTHER LIABILITIES	10	73,844	81,650
2.1.	Debt liabilities		-	-
2.2.	Financial amounts owed to credit institutions		-	-
2.3.	Prepayments received		30,905	31,744
2.4	Payables for financial and investment assets		-	-
2.5.	Payables under the bills of exchange and checks		-	-
2.6.	Payable to group companies		-	-
2.7.	Payables to associates		-	-
2.8.	Payables to management company and depository		9,679	-
2.9.	Other payables within one year		33,260	29,093
2.10.	Liabilities under derivative contracts		-	-
2.11.	Liabilities of tax on profit		-	-
2.12.	Employment-related liabilities		-	-
2.13.	Other current liabilities		-	20,813
G.	ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED INCOME	11	21,773	-
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		4,394,940	3,381,186

#### Director of management company UAB CAPITALICA ASSET MANAGEMENT

(title of the head of the management company)

(signature)

Andrius Barštys (full name)

Head of Accounting of UAB SBA Competence and Service Center

(title of a person able to handle accounting)

(signature)

Milda Kiaušinytė (full name)

## Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

### **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

for the year ended 31 December 2022

<u>26 June 2023</u> (financial statements preparation date)

				Revaluation (resu				
Indicators	Equity	Share premium	Legal reserve	Property, plant and equipment	Financial assets	Other reserves	Retained earnings (loss)	Total
1. Balance at the end of the financial year before previous	2,702,500	-	-	-	-	-	(13,994)	2,688,506
2. Result of change in accounting policy (Note 17)	-	-	-	-	-	-	305,000	305,000
3. Results of correcting material errors	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
4. Recalculated balance at the end of financial year before last year (restated, Note 17)	2,702,500	-	-	-	-	-	291,006	2,993,506
5. Increase (decrease) in the value of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
6. Profit (loss) not recognized in statement of profit and loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
7. Net profit (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	306,030	306,030
8. Declared dividends and other payments related to profit distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Formed reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
10. Realised reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. Capital increase by selling shares, receiving contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
12. Capital decrease by redemption of shares, reimbursement of contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
13. Contributions to cover losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
14. Balance at the end of previous financial year	2,702,500	-	-	-	-	-	597,036	3,299,536

(continued on the next page)

## Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

		Ohana		Revaluation (resu		Other	Detained cominen	
Indicators	Equity	Share premium	Legal reserve	Property, plant and equipment	Financial assets	Other reserves	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Total
<ol> <li>Increase (decrease) in the value of property, plant and equipment and financial assets</li> </ol>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16. Profit (loss) not recognized in statement of profit and loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Net profit (loss) for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	199,785	199,785
18. Dividends and other payments related to profit distribution	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
19. Formed reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
20. Realised reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
21. Capital increase by selling shares, receiving contributions (note 7)	623,152	176,850	-	-	-	-	-	800,002
22. Capital decrease by redemption of shares, reimbursement of contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
23. Contributions to cover losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
24. Balance at the end of the current financial year	3,325,652	176,850	-	-	-	-	796,821	4,299,323

Director of management company UAB CAPITALICA ASSET MANAGEMENT		Andrius Barštys
(title of the head of the management company)	(signature)	(full name)
Head of Accounting of UAB SBA Competence and Service		
Center		Milda Kiaušinytė
(title of a person able to handle accounting)	(signature)	(full name)

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31 December 2022

26 June 2023 (financial statements preparation date)

No	Items	Notes	Financial year	(EUR) Previous financial year
1.	Operating activities			
1.1.	Cash inflows of the reporting period		342,318	282,474
1.1.1.	Proceeds from disposal of financial assets and investment property		-	-
1.1.2.	Interest received			-
1.1.3.	Dividends received			-
1.1.4.	Rental payments received	12	342,318	282,474
1.1.5.	Other income			
1.2.	Cash outflows of the reporting period		(385,992)	(242,285)
1.2.1.	Payments for acquisition of financial assets and investment property and liabilities settled	3	(78,006)	(66,556)
1.2.2.	Payments related to general and administrative needs		(144,668)	(54,867)
1.2.3.	Other payments	13	(163,318)	(120,862)
	Net cash flows from operating activities		(43,674)	40,189
2.	Financing activities			
2.1.	Sale of company shares, received contributions	7	800,003	-
2.2.	Redemption of shares, repayment of contributions		-	-
2.3.	Payments from profit		-	-
2.4.	Loans received		-	-
2.5.	Loans repaid		-	-
2.6.	Interest paid		-	-
2.7.	Cash flows related to other financing sources		-	-
2.8.	Other increases in cash flows from financing activities		-	-
2.9.	Other decreases in cash flows from financing activities		-	-
	Net cash flows from in financing activities		800,003	-
3.	Effects of changes in foreign exchange rates on net cash balances		-	-
4.	Net increase (decrease) in cash flows		756,329	40,189
5.	Cash at the beginning of the period		135,843	95,654
6.	Cash at the end of the period		892,172	135,843

Director of management company UAB CAPITALICA ASSET MANAGEMENT

(title of the head of the management company)

(signature)

Andrius Barštys (full name)

Head of Accounting of UAB SBA Competence and Service Center

(title of a person able to handle accounting)

(signature)

Milda Kiaušinytė (full name)

#### Notes to the financial statements

#### 1 General information

The closed-end investment undertaking for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB (hereinafter – the Company, the Investment Company) is a limited liability company registered in the Republic of Lithuania on 5 June 2019. Its registered office address is Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius.

On 21 July 2022, the Bank of Lithuania issued a licence No V 2022/(1.160.E-9004)441-150 to the Company to operate as an investment company under the Republic of Lithuania Law on Collective Investment Undertakings for Informed Investors. Before the issuance of the licence, the Company operated as a private limited liability company and its shareholders had all the rights and obligations determined by the Law on Companies of the Republic of Lithuania.

The main activity of the Company – collective investment of informed investor assets in the real estate market in order to spread risks and earn profit for the Company's shareholders.

The goal of the Company is to ensure a long-term growth of return to the shareholders by investing in the property complex owned by the Company, located on the land plot leased by the Company at the address Žalgirio str. 114, in Vilnius. Investments are carried out by demolishing the existing buildings of the complex and building a new one of up to 8,500 square meters. m. general area office building, of which about 8,000 sq. m. office space would be leased, and by leasing it and selling it until the liquidation and deregistration of the Company.

The Company is able to operate not longer than 5 years from the day on which the Bank of Lithuania issued the licence to operate as an investment company. The period of the Company's activity may be extended for an additional 2 years under the conditions and procedure set forth in the Company's Articles of Association. The Company will be liquidated and deregistered before the end of its activity period.

The Company is managed by CAPITALICA ASSET MANAGEMENT UAB (hereinafter "the Management Company"), registered on 4 May 2016, company code 304234719, registered office address Upes st. 21-1, Vilnius. On 17 August 2016, license No 03-118 was issued to the Management Company by the Bank of Lithuania, enabling it to manage collective investment undertakings intended for informed investors operating under the Republic of Lithuania Law on Collective Investment Undertakings for Informed Investors.

Shareholder	Ownership interest as at 31 December 2022, %	Ownership interest as at 31 December 2021, %
LTU Invest, UAB	81.26	100
Minority shareholders	18.74	-
Total:	100.00	100.00

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the shareholders of the Company were as follows:

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the shared capital amounted to EUR 3,325,652 and EUR 2,702,500, split into 3,325,652 units and 2,702,500 units of ordinary registered shares, the nominal value of each was EUR 1. All the shares were fully paid.

The securities accounts of the investment company are managed by AB Šiaulių bankas, company code 112025254, registered office address Tilžės st. 149, Šiauliai. AB Šiaulių bankas also provides depository services for the investment company.

These financial statements have been approved by the Company's management on 26 June 2023. The Company's shareholders have a statutory right to approve these financial statements, or not approve them and request the management to prepare a new set of financial statements.

#### 2 Summary of accounting policies

#### 2.1. Basis for preparing financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Republic of Lithuania Accounting Law, Republic of Lithuania Law on Collective Investment Undertakings for Informed Investors, Business Accounting Standard 39 of the Republic of Lithuania, and other Lithuanian Financial Reporting Standards, including standards and methodological recommendations prepared and approved by the Authority of Audit, Accounting, Property Valuation and Insolvency Management.

#### 2.1. Basis for preparing financial statements (continued)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Lithuanian Financial Reporting Standards (LFRS), effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. The applied accounting principles are described below.

The Investment Company is principally involved in investing activities, therefore cash flows from investing activities are classified as operating activities in the statement of cash flows.

#### 2.2. Reporting currency

The Company keeps its accounting records and all amounts in these financial statements have been recorded and presented in euros, which is a national currency of the Republic of Lithuania.

#### 2.3. Investment policy

The goal of the Company is to ensure a long-term growth of return to the shareholders by investing in the property complex owned by the Company, located on the land plot leased by the Company at the address Žalgirio str. 114, in Vilnius.

The assets of the Company can be invested in the implementation of investments as indicated above and in the implementation of related construction, capital and/or ongoing repairs, when necessary. Assets can also be invested in movable property and equipment necessary for the operation of real estate objects in the Company's investment portfolio.

During the period until the money received from the investors is invested in the above-mentioned real estate-related objects, when the Company has free funds, these assets can be invested in deposits for a period of no longer than 12 months, in securities various governments of any country or companies operating in any country, that are of investment grade rating, and in other collective investment vehicles.

A more detailed investment strategy of the Company is indicated in the approved Articles of Association of the Company available at the Company's registered office.

#### 2.4. Investment property

As described in Note 17, in 2022 the Company decided to change its accounting policy for accounting of investment property after initial recognition, by valuing investment property at fair value.

Investment property is initially recognized at acquisition cost, including transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment property is measured at fair value based on its market value.

The market value of the Company's investment property is obtained from reports prepared by independent property appraisers with recognized and appropriate professional qualifications and recent experience in appraising properties in a similar location and of a similar category, or is estimated based on discounted future cash flows or the market price of similar properties.

Investment property maintenance costs are recognized in the income statement of the period in which they are incurred. Incurred expenses are capitalized only if it is likely that the Company will receive economic benefits from this asset in the future and the cost price of this asset can be reliably estimated.

#### 2.5. Financial risk management policy

The Company is managed to reduce all financial risks and taking into account the ruling of the Board of the Bank of Lithuania No 03-43 of 14 February 2019 On the approval of a description of the requirements for investment risk management policies for collective investment undertakings operating in accordance with the Law on Collective Investment Undertakings Intended for Informed Investors. On 26 July 2019, the investment risk policy of collective investment undertakings managed by UAB CAPITALICA ASSET MANAGEMENT was approved. The risks set out below can have an influence on investment value and determine the Company's net asset value (hereinafter – the NAV) and, accordingly, decrease the value of Company's shares per unit.

#### 2.5. Financial risk management policy (continued)

#### Credit and counterparty risk

This risk includes the possibility of incurring losses due to the inability of a counterparty (including a creditor of a collective investment undertaking) to meet its financial obligations. The credit risk of transactions carried out by the undertakings managed by the Company, as well as counterparty risk is subject to prior assessment through a detailed analysis and assessment of the counterparty. The risk is also reduced by applying delivery versus payment (DVP) principles.

The risk related to the Company's funds in banks is limited by carrying out financial transactions with banks whose settlement risk is assessed as acceptable. Leases also include collateral, such as: a tenancy deposit; a parent's guarantee for lease if a subsidiary is a lessee.

The Company does not engage in lending activities, therefore is not exposed to lending risk.

#### Market risk

Market risk is the likeliness that upon change in market variables (real estate value, interest rate, exchange rate, equity securities, commodity prices, etc.) the Company will incur losses due to the transaction concluded. Market risk consists of:

- Interest rate risk is the probability of incurring a loss as a result of a change in interest rates due to assets held by
  the Company which are sensitive to interest rate fluctuations. This risk is assessed by analysing the size of the
  modified financial term and hedging derivatives may be used. The risk of higher interest rates and costs of servicing
  borrowings, which would result in losses, is managed in strict compliance with the level of debt that can be assumed,
  as well as by hedging against interest rate risk in the relevant transactions in financial instruments. All loans and
  bonds issued by the Company bear fixed interest rates.
- Foreign exchange risk is the decrease in the value of an asset due to exchange rate fluctuations, depending on the currency in which the assets and the liabilities are denominated. Exchange rate risk can be mitigated by focusing on investments in euros or by entering into hedging transactions. Also, if the Company's strategy is to invest in higher-risk financial instruments, an open foreign exchange position may be considered part of the investment strategy and exchange rate risk may be deliberately assumed.
- Equity (financial instruments) price risk is the probability of incurring losses due to volatility in the prices of equity securities and related derivatives. This risk is mitigated by proper assessment and continuous analysis of issuers' risk and diversification of the portfolio by investing in line with the requirements for equity risk set out in the Company's documents.

#### Real estate value risk

Risk of incurring losses when deterioration of the global, regional or national economy results in a decrease in rental of real estate and other income. The risks associated with real estate are subject to prior assessment by conducting a thorough investment analysis before investing in a specific object.

#### Operational risk

The main sources of this risk are poor employee performance, inappropriate processes, inadequate IT support and security, external factors such as robbery, counterfeiting, political decisions, etc. To reduce this risk, an organizational structure is established, which clearly defines the functions and competencies, the implementation of accounting procedures through a regular verification, the use of reliable technological systems, the temporary employee replacement, thus ensuring the going concern.

#### Indebtedness risk

Risk of loss due to failure to meet commitments made in a timely and proper manner. The management of this risk is based on a set maximum level of debt that can be assumed, which does not exceed 80% of total Company's assets. The Company checks compliance with the set indicator before assuming any debt obligations.

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

#### 2 Summary of accounting policies (continued)

#### 2.5. Financial risk management policy (continued)

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company may not be able to settle its current obligations or can settle them on terms that are materially disadvantageous by attracting additional funds or realizing its assets.

Also, it is a risk to suffer losses due to low market liquidity, making it impossible to acquire or sell assets in the investment portfolio at the desired time and desired price. The Company's liquidity risk is managed by continuously assessing, monitoring and comparing future liabilities with expected proceeds. Liquidity risk is assessed through an assessment of liquidity sources and liquidity needs. The risk can also be assessed in the light of the results of the stress tests.

#### 2.6. Principles of recognizing the assets value increase and decrease

Monetary measurement principle: all the assets of the Company, their decrease and increase are expressed monetarily in the financial statements.

Accrual basis: the increase and decrease of the Company's assets are recorded in the accounts when they occur and presented in the financial statements of those periods, regardless of whether cash is received or disbursed.

Substance over form principle: by reflecting the increase or decrease in assets, the Company pays attention to their content and substance rather than just to the requirements of formal submission. The Company registers economic operations and events and provides in financial statements in terms of their content and economic substance, even if such presentation differs from the legal form.

Cash increase is recognized by registering the monetary increase in a bank account. A decrease in this account is recognized similarly. Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the official exchange rate published by the Bank of Lithuania on the date of the transaction.

An increase in securities is recognised when the securities are acquired or the value of the securities has increased. Similarly, the decrease in securities is recognised after selling them or when their value has decreased.

The moment of recognition of securities is the day of transaction, when the ownership of the securities is transferred.

### 2.7. Rules for accounting of deductions to the management company and the depository, and other expenses

The increase in the receivables item is recognised by making prepayments and/or recording the receivables. Decrease is recognised after receiving goods, services, money or when accounting for the impairment of the assets.

The Company may incur only such expenses that are related to the Company's activities and which are specified in the Company's Articles of Association. All other expenses not specified in the Articles of Association or exceeding the established amounts shall be borne by the Management Company.

The following expenses are covered using the assets of the Company: asset custody fee; remuneration for auditors and financial intermediaries; costs of establishing the Company and obtaining an activity license; fees for services provided by financial institutions; remuneration for asset and business appraisers, as well as to Committee members; accounting, currency exchange and insurance costs; litigation costs; fees for the management of securities and other accounts; costs of processing, registering and de-registering collateral; forced recovery costs; state and municipal taxes and fees; costs of preparation and presentation of information about the Company; costs of amending the Articles of Association and the Prospectus; costs of consultations; notary costs; costs of registration and legal services; costs of professional liability insurance for persons responsible for the operation of the Company. Additionally, the costs related to the Company's share offering, including, among other things, travel costs and other justified additional costs, as well as any stamp duties and other taxes related to the transfer of Company shares or assets, or fees related to the issue, sale, distribution and presentation of Company shares, or the acquisition, transfer or development of assets, as well as other costs related to the activities of the Company.

An annual management fee is paid to the Management Company from the Company's assets. Management fee makes up 2% from the average annual NAV of the Company. The management fee is paid monthly and is paid by the 15th day of following calendar month. Such management fee payable to the Management Company every month is calculated on an accrual basis for each calendar day of the month, with a proportional application of 2% size and taking into

### 2.7. Rules for accounting of deductions to the management company and the depository, and other expenses (continued)

account the Company's NAV (net asset value) determined as of the last day of the previous month. After the end of the calendar year and the determination and publication of the Company's NAV as of the last day of December, the Management Company will recalculate the fee payable for the previous calendar year by applying the average annual NAV. If an overpayment or underpayment of the management fee is determined during the recalculation, the management fee payable for the previous calendar year will be reduced or increased by the corresponding amount.

The success fee is payable to the Management Company only if the annual investment return of the Company exceeds the minimum threshold of the Company's annual return, i.e. 10% after deducting all the expenses indicated in the Company's Articles of Association. In such case, 20% of the amount by which the minimum Company's investment return exceeds the minimum threshold is paid to the Management Company. The Company's annual investment return for the period from the day of issuance of the licence to conduct activities of an investment fund until the moment of calculation is determined as follows:

- by using Microsoft Excel formula XIRR, which evaluates when negative (shareholder contributions to the Company (which are included in the formula XIRR when changes in the Company's Articles of Association are registered due to the increase of issued capital)) and positive (Company's payouts to the shareholders, the last positive flow is the value of investments at the time of calculation) Company's flows, and what was the size of those flows, the actual annual return on investment of the Company is calculated. For calculation purposes, it is considered that on the day of approval of the Company's Articles of Association by the Bank of Lithuania (July 21, 2022), the first negative cash flow occurs in the Company, the amount of which is equal to the Company's NAV, determined by the data of the day of approval by the Bank of Lithuania, which will be determined assuming that the total on that day the value of the Company's existing real estate will be as determined by an independent appraisal, but in any case, and regardless of the value determined by an independent appraisal, not less than EUR 3,200,000;
- if the calculated Company's annual investment return exceeds the minimum threshold of the Company's annual investment return, the last positive flow is lowered by trial until the Company's annual investment return, calculated by Microsoft Excel XIRR formula, reaches 10%.
- the amount by which the last positive flow will be reduced will be the amount, by which the minimum Company's investment return exceeds minimum threshold.

The amount of the success fee due to the Management Company is calculated each time the NAV is calculated. If the success fee due to the Management Company is determined when calculating the NAV, this amount is included in the Company's accounting as the Company's non-current liability to the Management Company. The success fee is paid after the life of the Company comes to the end or 50% of accrued success fee can be paid to the Management Company in advance. If the success fee calculated in the following years is lower than success fee calculated in the previous years or that it should not be paid to the Management Company at all, the Company's commitment to the Management Company is reduced accordingly and the Management Company refunds to the Company the success fee received in advance so that the total amount paid in advance not exceed 50% of the calculated success fee.

The Company's assets and liabilities are measured in accordance with the laws of the Republic of Lithuania, LFRS and the Methodology of Calculation of the Net Asset Value approved by the Bank of Lithuania, as well as other regulations.

#### 2.8. Methods of measurement of assets and liabilities

Assets (or part thereof) are written off only when the rights to these assets (or part thereof) are implemented, upon the expiration of rights or when these rights are transferred

Financial assets include cash, cash equivalents and receivables. Receivables are initially recorded at cost.

The impairment of receivables is accounted for when there are indications that the value of receivables could be impaired. In such case the book value of receivables is reduced as to the impairment account. Impaired receivables are written off once they are considered irrecoverable.

#### 2.8. Methods of measurement of assets and liabilities (continued)

Liabilities (or part thereof) are written off only when they are extinguished, i.e. when liabilities indicated in the contract are satisfied, annulled or no longer valid.

Financial liabilities include amounts payable for received goods and services, loans and bonds.

The calculation of assets and liabilities is based on their fair value, which has to reflect the NAV, for which these assets are most likely to be sold.

The fair value of financial instruments traded on regulated markets is determined based on the average market prices published on the measurement date, as well as to the prices of similar financial assets or other fair value measurement techniques established in the financial markets.

Debt securities, monetary market instruments and loans which are not traded in the regulated markets, are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Real estate (both directly owned by the Company and owned by real estate companies acquired by the Company) is measured at least twice a year: in the middle and at the end of every current year.

Other assets are valued at the most probable selling price determined based on the chosen valuation technique, which is generally applied and recognized in the financial market.

Bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost. Cash and funds in the credit institutions are measured at nominal value.

NAV of the Company is calculated by deducting Company's liabilities (including management and success fees) from the Company's assets. When calculating NAV, the values of the Company's assets and liabilities are calculated separately. The Company's NAV is calculated based on the NAV determination rules set out in the Company's Articles of Association.

The Company may not grant loans to third parties. The Company cannot provide guarantee or warranty for the fulfilment of the obligations of third parties, nor will it provide assurance for the fulfilment of the obligations of third parties by pledging or mortgaging the Company's assets.

The Company has the right to borrow after receiving the approval of the General Meeting of Shareholders. The amount of borrowing will not exceed 80% of Company assets. If at any time during the Company's activity the debt exceeds 80% of the Company's assets, such excess must be reduced to 80% within 6 months from the date of its occurrence. There is no maximum term of borrowing, but the loan agreement must provide for the possibility to return the borrowed funds at the end of the term of the Company's activity, even if the term of the debt is longer.

#### 2.9. Share valuation rules

The value of the Company's share is determined by dividing NAV by the total number of shares issued by the Company. The value of the Company's share is determined at an accuracy of four decimals and rounded according to mathematical rounding rules. The total value of all shares issued by the Company is always equal to the Company's NAV.

The Company's NAV and the value of the Company's shares is determined each month based on the data of the last day of the previous month. The Company's NAV is also calculated based on the actual data of the day on which a decision was made by the Bank of Lithuania to issue a license to the Company enabling it to operate as an investment company. The Company's NAV shall also be determined when the Company increases or reduces its issued capital (based on data of the date of registration of the amended Articles of Association), receives additional contributions from the Company's shareholders (based on the data of the day the contributions are credited to the Company's account), and pays funds to its shareholders as dividends (based on the data of the day the entire amount of dividends provided is transferred from the Company's account).

The Company's share offers and share subscription agreements are concluded and shares are issued at the issue price per share determined based on the Company's last calculated net asset value per share.

#### 2.10. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash in the bank accounts. Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash Such investments initial maturity is less than three months and they are subject to insignificant risk of change in value.

In the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash in the current bank accounts and deposits the terms of which on the day of signing the contract are no less than three months.

#### 2.11. Provisions

Provisions are recognised only when the Company has a legal obligation or irrevocable commitment as a result of past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the most accurate recent assessments. When the impact of time value of money is significant, the amount of provision represents the present value of costs expected to be incurred for the settlement of the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provisions due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expenses.

#### 2.12. Income tax

In 2022 and 2021, the standard rate of income tax at a rate of 15% was applicable to companies of the Republic of Lithuania.

Tax losses can be carried forward for indefinite period, except for the losses incurred as a result of disposal of securities and/or derivatives. Such carrying forward is disrupted if the Company changes its activities due to which these losses incurred except when the Company does not continue its activities due to reasons which do not depend on Company itself. The losses from disposal of securities and/or derivative financial instruments can be carried forward for five consecutive years and can only be used to reduce the taxable income earned from the transactions of the same nature.

As from 1 January 2014, tax losses available for carry forward can be used to reduce taxable income of the current tax year by maximum 70%.

Deferred taxes are calculated using the liability method. Deferred tax is recognized, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at a tax rate which will (as expected) be applied for the period during which the assets will be realized and the liability covered, based on the tax rates which were adopted or essentially adopted on the date of the statement of financial position. Deferred tax assets are recognized in the statement of financial position to the extent that the management expects it to be realized in the near future, based on the taxable profit forecasts. If it is likely that part of the deferred tax is not going to be realised, this part of the deferred tax asset is not recognised in the financial statements.

Based on the requirements of Article 12 of the Law on Income Tax of the Republic of Lithuania, the Company is not subject to income tax.

#### 2.13. Revenue and expense recognition

Revenue is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company and the amount of the revenue can be measured reliably.

Expenses are recognised in accordance with the principles of accrual and matching during the reporting period in which they are incurred, regardless of the moment of cash payments made.

#### 2.14. Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rates prevailing at the date of the transactions. Gains and losses from these transactions and from the translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at date of the statement of financial position are recognized in the income statement. These balances are translated using the closing rate.

#### 2.15. Impairment of assets

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are reviewed for impairment at each balance sheet date.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost, whenever it is probable that the Company will not collect all amounts due under the contractual terms of loans or receivables, an impairment or bad debt loss is recognised in the income statement. The reversal of impairment loss previously recognised is recorded when the decrease in impairment loss can be justified by an event occurring after impairment recognition. Such reversal is accounted in the income statement. However, the increased amount is only recognised to the extent it does not exceed the amortised cost that would have been had the impairment not been recognised.

#### Other assets

Other assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the income statement. Reversal of impairment losses recognised in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the asset no longer exist or have decreased significantly. The reversal is accounted for in the same caption of the income statement as the impairment loss.

#### 2.15. Contingencies

Contingent liabilities are not recognised in the financial statements. They are disclosed in the financial statements unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote.

A contingent asset is not recognised in the financial statements but disclosed when an inflow or economic benefits is probable.

#### 2.17. Events after the reporting period

Events after the end of the reporting period that provide additional information about the Company's position at the balance sheet date (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Events after the end of the reporting period that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

#### 2.18. Offsetting

When preparing financial statements, the assets and liabilities, revenue and expenses are not set-off, except the cases when certain standard specifically requires such set-off.

#### 2.19. Going concern

The financial statements of the Company are prepared on a going concern basis. In the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2023, the Company plans to demolish the existing investment property and start developing a new business center at Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius. The shareholders' own funds will be used for the development, as well as a loan agreement will be signed with the bank and a bond issue will be distributed.

#### 3 Investment property

	Buildings	Investment property under construction	Total
Balance as at 1 January 2021	2,900,000	-	2,900,000
Additions	55,005	-	55,005
Change in fair value	244,995	-	244,995
Balance as at 31 December 2021	3,200,000	-	3,200,000
Additions	-	56,246	56,246
Change in fair value	200,000	-	200,000
Balance as at 31 December 2022	3,400,000	56,246	3,456,246

The market value of the investment property was estimated, based on valuation of independent property appraiser UAB "OBER-HAUS" real estate (administrative building and 0.3426 ha of land lease rights, located at Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius). Investment property value as of 31 December 2022 was 3,400 thousand euros. Asset value as of 31 December 2022 was determined by the comparative method and the income method when evaluating the income received from the concluded lease agreements, assuming 10% income growth due to indexation in the first year and 0.4% - 2% in later years. The weighted occupancy rate used in the assessment is 95% - 97% in the first and subsequent years, depending on the type of premises. 7.5% capitalization rate and 8% discount rate was applied to determine the value of the property as of 31 December 2022. After evaluating the increase of the discount rate applied to discounted cash flows by 0.5%, and without changing other data, the fair value of the investment property as of 31 December 2022 would be 100 thousand EUR lower. Evaluating the increase in the capitalization rate by 0.5%, and without changing other data, the fair value of 2022 would have decreased by 200 thousand euros.

The estimated value of the investment property as at 9 March 2022 was 3,200 thousand euros, therefore it is assumed that the value of the investment property did not change significantly and as of 31 December 2021 31 was the same.

The letter of 25 May 2023 received from independent property appraisers noted that taking into account both the market situation and the individual characteristics of the property being appraised, the most likely market value of the property as of 31 December 2020 could have been 2,900 thousand euros.

#### 4 Prepayments

Prepayments consist of advance payments to suppliers. as of 31 December 2022 the balance of prepayments was 11,502 euros (31 December 2021 – 14,758 euros).

#### 5 Receivables within a year

ltem	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 December 2021
Accounts receivable from customers	34,007	30,585
Refundable taxes	1,013	-
TOTAL:	35,020	30,585

Accounts receivable from customers are interest-free and usually have a payment term of up to 30 days.

#### 6 Cash and cash equivalents

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, cash and cash equivalents comprised cash at the bank.

As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Company did not have any restricted cash.

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

7 Net assets, number and value of investment units at the beginning and end of the reporting period, at the start of the investment activities

Indicators	As at 31 December 2022	As at 21 July 2022
Net assets value (NAV), EUR	4,299,323	3,486,457
Number of investment units (shares) outstanding	3,325,652	2,702,500
Value of an investment unit (share), EUR	1.2928	1.2901

Value of net assets is equal to the equity.

In 2022 the Company's authorized capital was increased by issuing 623,152 units of ordinary registered shares, the value of which is calculated according to NAV as of 2022 August 31 and it was equal to 1.2838 euros. In 2021 the authorized capital of the Company did not change. As of 31 December 2022 all shares are fully paid.

In 2022 and 2021, the Company did not hold any of its own shares.

#### 8 Capital

In accordance with the Companies Law of the Republic of Lithuania, the equity of a company cannot be less than ½ of the company's issued capital, provided in the Articles of Association. As at 31 December 2022 and 2021, the Company complied with this requirement.

#### 9 Reserves

#### Legal reserve

The legal reserve is mandatory under the legislation of the Republic of Lithuania. Annual transfers of not less than 5% of net profit are required until the reserve reaches 10% of the issued capital.

In 2022, the Company has earned a profit and transfers to the required reserve will be made after the shareholders have made a decision on the distribution of profits.

#### Distributable reserves

Distributable reserves are formed based on the resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders regarding the profit distribution and are provided for in the Company's Articles of Association. These reserves can be used only for the purposes approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The Company's equity makes up more than 1/2 of the issued capital provided for in the Articles of Association and the Company has made profit in 2022, the shareholders will be offered to transfer retained earnings into the next year.

#### 10 Payables within one year and liabilities

ltem	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 December 2021
Rental deposits	30,905	31,744
Trade payable	33,260	29,093
Amounts payable to the Management Company	9,679	-
Other payables within one year	-	20,813
TOTAL:	73,844	81,650

Payables within one year, including payables to related parties, are interest-free and are normally settled on 30 day term.

#### 11 Accruals and deferred income

Item	As at 31 December 2022	As at 31 December 2021
Accrued audit expenses	14,500	-
Accrued amounts payable to the depository	6,273	-
Accrued other expenses	1,000	-
TOTAL:	21,773	-

#### 12 Rental income

Item		
	2022	2021
Rental income	177,115	160,112
Utilities resale income	91,528	-
Parking income	18,608	-
Other services income	493	-
TOTAL:	287,744	160,112

#### 13 Other operating expenses

Item		
	2022	2021
Utilities	87,616	27,803
Taxes	30,105	-
Security	14,766	-
Office, housekeeping etc. administrative expenses	10,382	-
Asset operating expenses	7,380	-
TOTAL:	150,249	27,803

#### 14 Other general and administrative expenses

Item	2022	2021
Consultation expenses	38,373	-
Expenses of other companies' services	20,829	-
Payroll and other related expenses	7,419	7,200
Operating tax expenses (excluding corporate tax)	5,134	31,656
Repair and operation costs of the premises	3,599	2,537
Advertising services	2,388	-
Brokerage expenses	1,868	-
Office, housekeeping etc. administrative expenses	1,208	20,342
Financial institutions services	396	-
TOTAL:	81,214	61,735

#### 15 Return on investments

	Reporting period	A year ago	2 years ago	10 years ago
Change in value of an investment unit (share), EUR	0.0027	-	-	-
Annual gross return on investment	0.86%	-	-	-
Annual net return of investments	0.86%	-	-	-

Change in value of an investment unit (share) is calculated from the date of issuance of the license enabling to operate as an investment company, i.e. as from 21 July 2022, when the nominal value of one share was EUR 1.2901.

The Company's annual gross return on investment is calculated by excluding the success fee. The annual net return on investment is calculated after the success fee. Return on investments is calculated using the Microsoft Excel formula XIRR which determines the time of negative and positive flows of the Company occurred, and the size of these flows (for more details see Note 2.7).

#### 16 Related party transactions

2022

Parties are considered related when one party has the possibility to control the other one or have significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. The Company's related parties are as follows:

- UAB CAPITALICA ASSET MANAGEMENT (Management Company);
- UAB LTU Invest (major shareholder);
- UAB SBA Grupė (Ultimate controlling shareholder of the Management Company);
- Companies of UAB SBA Grupė.

Transactions with related parties during 2022 and 2021, and balances as at 31 December 2022 and 2021:

Related party	Purchases	Sales	Receivables	Payables
UAB CAPITALICA ASSET				
MANAGEMENT	52,308	-	-	9,679
Companies of UAB SBA Grupė	7,250	-	-	1,634
UAB SBA Grupė	-	-	-	-
TOTAL:	59,558	-	-	11,313

The Company had no transactions with related parties during 2021.

#### 17 Impact of changes in accounting policy

As described in Note **Error! Reference source not found.**, the Company changed investment property accounting policy in 2022. Management made the decision that investment property accounting as fail val e is more relevant information to users of financial statements. The change was made retrospectively, therefore the change in accounting policy is reflected in 2021 comparative figures. Below is disclosed the impact for the balance as of 31 December 2021, 2021 income statement and the statement of changes in equity. The changes in accounting policy did not affect the cash flow statement (the cash flow statement are prepared using the direct method), therefore more detailed information about the cash flow statement is not disclosed.

#### 17 Effect of changes in accounting policy (continued)

No	ITEMS	Beginning of the previous financial year	Impact of a changes in accounting policy	ALANCE Beginning of the previous financial year - restated	Previous financial year	Impact of a changes in accounting policy	Previous financial year - restated
	ASSETS						
A.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS	2,595,000	305,000	2,900,000	2,462,890	737,110	3,200,000
1.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	-			-		
2.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND						
2.1.	EQUIPMENT Investment property	2,595,000	305,000	2,900,000	2,462,890	737,110	3,200,000
2.1.1	Land	2,595,000	305,000	2,900,000	2,462,890	737,110	3,200,000
2.1.2	Buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.1.2	Other property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	FINANCIAL ASSETS	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1.	Investments in group companies	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.	Investments in associates	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Other equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.3.	Non-equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.4.	Other investment units, shares,	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.5.	contributions of other collective investment undertakings	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.6.	Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	
3.7.	Term deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.8.	Loans and receivables	-	-	-	-		
3.8.1.	Loans to group companies	-	-	-	-		
3.8.2.	Receivables from group companies	-	-	-	-		
3.8.3.	Loans to associates	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.8.4.	Receivable from associates	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.8.5.	Other receivables after one year	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.9.	Other non-current financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.	Deferred tax assets	_	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.	Other assets	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.	CURRENT ASSETS	152,112	-	152,112	181,186	-	181,186
1.	INVENTORIES	11,518	-	11,518	14,758	-	14,758
1.1.	Prepayments	11,518	-	11,518	14,758	-	14,758
1.2.	Inventory for internal use	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	RECEIVABLES WITHIN ONE YEAR	44,940	-	44,940	30,585	-	30,585
2.1.	Receivables from sale of investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.	Debts owed by group companies	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3.	Debts owed by associates Other receivables within a year	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.4. 3.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS	44,940	-	44,940	30,585	-	30,585
3. 3.1.	Term deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2.	Money-market instruments	-	-	-		-	-
3.3.	Transferable securities	-	-	-	-		-
3.3.1.	Non-equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.3.2.	Equity securities of group companies	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.3.3.	Other equity securities	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.3.4.	Other investment units, shares, contributions of other collective investment undertakings	_	_	_	_	_	
3.4	Derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	CASH	95,654		95,654	135,843		135,843
С.	DEFERRED EXPENSES AND ACCRUED INCOME	-		-		-	
	TOTAL ASSETS	2,747,112	305,000	3,052,112	2,644,076	737,110	3,381,186

#### Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

No	ITEMS	Beginning of the previous financial year	Impact of a changes in accounting policy	Beginning of the previous financial year -restated	Previous financial year	Impact of a changes in accounting policy	Previous financial year - restated
	EQUITY				0 500 /00		
D. 1.	CAPITAL	2,688,506	305,000	2,993,506	2,562,426	737,110	3,299,536
1.1.	Subscribed capital	2,702,500	-	2,702,500	2,702,500	-	2,702,500
1.2.	Subscribed unpaid capital (-)	2,702,500	-	2,702,500	2,702,500	-	2,702,500
2.	SHARE PREMIUM	-	-	-	-	-	-
	REVALUATION RESERVE	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.	(RESULTS) RESERVES	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.	Legal reserve	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.1.	Other reserves	-	-	-	-	-	-
4.2.		-	-	-	-	-	-
5.	RETAINED EARNINGS (LOSS)	(13,994)	305,000	291,006	(140,074)	737,110	597,036
5.1.	Profit (loss) of the reporting year	(13,994)	305,000	291,006	(126,080)	432,110	306,030
5.2.	Profit (loss) of the previous year	-	-	-	(13,994)	305,000	291,006
E.	PROVISIONS	-	-	-	-	-	-
1.	Provision for pensions and similar liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.	Provisions for taxation	_	-				
3.	Other provisions						
F.	PAYABLES AND OTHER LIABILITIES	58,606		58,606	81,650		81,650
1.	PAYABLES AFTER ONE YEAR AND OTHER LIABILITIES			-	01,000		0.,000
1.1.	Debt liabilities			-		-	-
1.2.	Financial amounts owed to credit institutions						
1.3.	Prepayments received						
1.4.	Payables for financial and investment assets						
1.5.	Payables under the bills of exchange and checks						
1.6.	Payable to group companies		_			_	
1.7.	Payables to associates		-		-		
1.8.	Liabilities under derivative contracts						
2.	PAYABLES WITHIN ONE YEAR AND OTHER LIABILITIES	50.000			04.050		
2.1.	Debt liabilities	58,606	-	58,606	81,650	-	81,650
	Financial amounts owed to credit	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.2.	institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.3.	Prepayments received	37,438	-	37,438	31,744	-	31,744
2.4	Payables for financial and investment assets	-		-		-	-
2.5.	Payables under the bills of exchange and checks	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.6.	Payable to group companies		-				-
2.7.	Payables to associates						
2.8.	Payables to management company		-	-			-
2.0.	and depository Other payables within one year	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.9.	Liabilities under derivative contracts	12,827	-	12,827	29,093	-	29,093
	Liabilities of tax on profit	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.11.	Employment-related liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.12.	Other current liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
2.13.	ACCRUALS AND DEFERRED	8,341	-	8,341	20,813	-	20,813
G.	INCOME	_	-	-	-	_	-
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	2,747,112	305,000	3,052,112	2,644,076	737,110	3,381,186

#### Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022 (all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

#### 17 Effect of changes in accounting policy (continued)

#### INCOME STATEMENT

NO	ITEMS	Previous financial year	Impact of a changes in accounting policy	Previous financial year - restated
1.	OPERATING INCOME	160,112	244,995	405,107
1.1.	Interest income	-	-	-
1.2.	Dividends	-	-	-
1.3	Lease income	160,112	-	160,112
1.4.	Gain from changes in value and sale of investments	-	244,995	244,995
1.5.	Gain from changes in foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	-
1.6.	Gain on derivatives	-	-	-
1.7.	Guarantee contributions	-	-	-
1.8.	Income related to sale/redemption of the Company's shares	-	-	-
1.9.	Other operating income	-	-	-
2.	OPERATING EXPENSES	27,803	-	27,803
2.1.	Loss from changes in value and sales of investments		-	
2.2.	Loss from changes in foreign currency exchange rates	-	-	-
2.3.	Loss from derivatives	-	-	-
2.4.	Costs of selling the Company's shares	-	-	-
2.5.	Other operating expenses	27,803	-	27,803
3.	GROSS PROFIT (LOSS)	132,309	244,995	377,304
4.	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	248,850	(187,115)	61,735
4.1.	Remuneration to management company	-		-
4.2.	Remuneration to depositary	-	-	-
4.3.	Remuneration to intermediaries	-	-	-
4.4.	Audit expenses	-	-	-
4.5.	Other general and administrative expenses	248,850	(187,115)	61,735
4.6.	Reimbursement of expenses(-)	-	-	-
5.	RESULTS OF OTHER ACTIVITIES	-	-	-
6.	INTEREST AND OTHER SIMILAR EXPENSES	-	-	-
7.	PROFIT (LOSS) BEFORE TAX	(116,541)	432,110	315,569
8.		(9,539)	-	(9,539)
9.	NET PROFIT (LOSS)	(126,080)	432,110	306,030

#### 18 Events after the reporting period

A profit distribution draft proposal has not yet been prepared by the management of the Company on the day the financial statements.

There were no other significant events after the reporting period in the Company.

## Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius

**ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2022** 

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

#### ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2022 OF CLOSED-END INVESTMENT UNDERTAKING INTENDED FOR INFORMED INVESTORS CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB

#### **GENERAL INFORAMTION ABOUT THE COMPANY**

Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB (hereinafter – the Company, the Investment Company) was incorporated on 5 June 2019 in the Republic of Lithuania. Registered office address is Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius.

On 21 July 2022, the Bank of Lithuania issued a licence No V 2022/(1.160.E-9004)441-150 to the Company to operate as an investment company under the Republic of Lithuania Law on Collective Investment Undertakings for Informed Investors. Before the issue of the licence, the Company operated as a private limited liability company and its shareholders had all the rights and obligations determined by the Law on Companies of the Republic of Lithuania.

As at 31 December 2022, the shared capital amounted to EUR 3,325,652, split into 3,325,652 units of ordinary registered shares of which 81.26% were controlled by LTU Invest UAB. The remaining shares are controlled by minority shareholders, each holding less than 10% of all shares.

The main activity of the Company – collective investment of informed investor assets in the real estate market in order to spread risks and earn profit for the Company's shareholders.

The Company is managed by CAPITALICA ASSET MANAGEMENT UAB (hereinafter – Management Company), which on 17 August 2016 gained a permit to act as a management company of collective investment subjects for informed investors, issued by the Bank of Lithuania.

### I. Objective review of the Company's status, activity and development, description of principal risks and uncertainty encountered by the Company.

The financial risks of the Company are disclosed in the financial statements.

### II. Analysis of the Company's financial and non-financial performance, information related to environmental and personnel issues.

In 2022, the Company earned a net profit of EUR 199,785 thousand (2021: EUR 306,030 thousand).

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's assets amounted to EUR 4,393,940 (as at 31 December 2021 – EUR 3,381,186).

On 21 July 2022, after receiving the licence from the Bank of Lithuania to operate as an investment company, the management of the Company was transferred to the Management Company, for this reason the Company had no employees as at 31 December 2022. The Company had 3 employees in 31 December 2021.

The environmental protection requirements are not relevant.

#### III. References and additional explanations on the data provided for in the annual financial statements.

References and additional explanations are provided in the explanatory notes to the financial statements.

IV. In 2022, the Company neither acquired, nor transferred its own shares.

V. As at 31 December 2022, the Company had no branches or representative offices.

#### VI. Significant events that took place after the end of the financial year.

No significant events took place after the end of the financial year, except those, that are described in Note **Error! Reference source not found.** of the explanatory notes.

#### VII. Business plans and forecasts of the Company.

The goal of the Company is to ensure a long-term growth of return to the shareholders by investing in the property complex owned by the Company, located on the land plot leased by the Company at the address Žalgirio str. 114, in Vilnius. Investments are carried out by demolishing the existing buildings of the complex and building a new one of up

# Closed-end investment undertaking intended for informed investors CAPITALICA Z114 REAL ESTATE FUND UAB, 305198076, Žalgirio st. 114, Vilnius ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2022

(all amounts are in EUR unless otherwise stated)

to 8,500 square meters. m. general area office building, and by leasing it and selling it until the liquidation and deregistration of the Company.

#### VIII. The Company does not conduct any research and development activities.

#### IX. As at 31 December 2022, the Company had no derivatives.

#### X. Information on the other executive positions held by the Company's Manager and members of the Board.

The head of the Company Andrius Barštys also serves as the Chair of the Board of the Company, and the Chair of the Investment committee of KŪB Koinvesticinis Fondas, company code 304537659, address Konstitucijos ave. 7, Vilnius. He also holds managerial positions in the following companies: UAB Fox Holdings, company code 303016870, address Šiaulių st. 97, Bajorų village. Vilnius city municipality, UAB PC Luizė, company code 302761548, address Šiaurės ave. 15-1, Klaipėda, UAB Žaliaklanio parkas, company code 304287223, address K. Donelaičio st. 62-1, Kaunas, UAB Verslo Centras 135, company code 301733282, address Žalgirio st. 135, Vilnius, SIA Hanza 14, company code 40203157541, address Valdemara st. 33-19, Riga. He also serves as a member of the Board of OU TanaHub, company code 16402226, address Harju maakond, Tallinn, Põhja-Tallinna linnaosa, Põhja pst 25 and OU S911, company code 40203396790, address Audeju iela 15-4, Riga and SIA Dreilini HUB, company code 40203461770, address Audeju iela 15-4, Riga.

The member of the Board Jolanta Grašienė is also the member of the Boards of UAB SBA Urban, company code 302675889, address Upės g. 21-1, Vilnius, UAB SBA Modular, company code 305283904, address Upės st. 23, Vilnius, UAB SBA Grupė, company code 132206739, address Upės st. 21-1, Vilnius, UAB SBA Home, company code 242131620, address Joniškės st. 21, Klaipėda and the Chair of Board of UAB SBA Competence and Service Center, company code 304960328, address Upės st. 23, Vilnius. The main position of Jolanta Grašienė is the vice president of UAB SBA Grupė, company code 132206739, address Upės st. 21-1, Vilnius.

The member of the Board Adam Saulius Vaina is also the member of the Board of UAB SBA Grupė, company code 132206739, address Upės st. 21-1, Vilnius, UAB GAUMINA, company code 224497630, address Gedimino ave. 27 Vilnius, UAB Mobilios Aplikacijos, company code 303105746, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB Mediapark Grupė, company code 304050320, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB ME investicija, company code 302489393, address Račių st. 1, Vilnius, OU Civitta International, company code 12241708, address Ria tn 24a, Tartu. Adam Saulius Vaina is also a partner of UAB CIVITTA, company code 302477747, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, he is also the head of VŠĮ Civitta foundation, company code 303363287, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB Kavija, company code 303091773, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB Mediapark Grupė, company code 304050320, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB Kavija, company code 303091773, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB Mediapark Grupė, company code 304050320, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB Kavija, company code 302091773, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB Mediapark Grupė, company code 304050320, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius, UAB Entra holdings, company code 302790286, address Gedimino ave. 27, Vilnius.

Director

Andrius Barštys

26 June 2023